

Managed by **Duke** Clinical & Translational Science Institute

The MURDOCK Study Community Registry and Biorepository is a 12,526-participant community-based longitudinal cohort recruited from a 20-Zip Code region in the Southeastern United States (U.S.) that is centered in the city of Kannapolis, NC and encompasses Cabarrus County, NC.

Creation of the cohort was funded by a gift to Duke University from the David H. Murdock Institute for Business and Culture, with operational support from Duke's Clinical and Translational Science Award (CTSA) grant (UL1TR002553) and the Duke Clinical and Translational Science Institute (CTSI).

Consenting participants complete a baseline health questionnaire at enrollment, as well as a brief physical exam and collection of blood and urine. Consent includes permission to access to information from medical records, storage of collected samples in the biorepository, access to collected data and biospecimens for future approved research studies and contact regarding new research study opportunities.

Data have been organized into "storefronts" that summarize characteristics of a population of research interest as well as available data and samples for that population. The following sections summarize the sources of data in the MURDOCK Study database, as well as important descriptions and definitions to help understand the data presented in the "storefronts".

1 Participant self-reported data at baseline. The baseline questionnaire collects contact information, current residential street address, and primary physician; alternate contact information; date and place of birth; demographics; current or past diagnosis of 34 medical conditions; menopausal status in women; medications, vitamins and supplements; dietary and physical activity assessment; hours of sleep per night; tobacco and alcohol use; second-hand smoke exposure; and selected PROMIS® participant-reported outcomes domains. Socioeconomic data collected at baseline included marital status, highest level of education of participant and participant's mother and father, employ ment status, mother's and father's occupations, housing (type, how paid for, number of adults and children in the household) and total household income. In addition, a brief phy sical exam (vital signs, height, weight, and waist circumference) was conducted at enrollment.

Medical conditions: "Do you have, or have you ever had, any of the following [medical conditions]?" (yes, no, don't know). Counts are unique participants reporting yes to specific condition. Medications: "Please list any pharmaceutical and/or natural medications (including vitamins) that you are currently taking." Data are captured in free-text format as written by the participant and coded using RxNorm. Summary metrics are based on everything reported. Top 5 reported medications are limited to reported prescriptions.

2 Biorepository samples. Blood was collected at baseline and processed into the following specific samples: whole blood in EDTA for DNA extraction, whole blood in PAXgene for RNA extraction, plasma, serum and buffy coat in cry ovials. Urine was collected and aliquoted in cry ovials. Sample collection was not done systematically for MURDOCK enrollees; however, some nested sub cohorts and other studies enrolling MURDOCK registry participants include sample collection at follow up time points. All samples are stored at -80°C in a central biorepository current managed by Fisher BioServices, a division of Thermo Fisher Scientific, under a contractual agreement with Duke University.

Samples in inventory: Data are summarized by sample type as well as specific container and size. Participant counts are unique individuals with one ore more aliquots. Aliquot counts are all unique samples for a given type and container, size. Freezers is a calculation of approximate storage requirements based on sample type/size, box size, and number of boxes that can be stored per freezer.

3 Participant self-reported changes in health via annual follow up. Participants are asked to complete a follow-up form once a year around the time of their original enrollment date. Participants may update contact information, primary care physician/practice and alternate contact. PROMIS domains are repeated at each annual time point in order to capture changes in participant-reported outcomes over time. The form collects new incidence/diagnosis of the same 34 medical conditions surveyed at baseline. Hospitalizations during the past year are collected along with reason, as well as specific medical procedures. Participants may update their medication list to reflect current medications, vitamins and supplements being taken at the time of follow up form completion.

Vital status: Death reported by family member or alternate contact is confirmed by obituary as the primary source. Cause of death is not captured. Follow-up metrics: Follow-up is defined as complete if participant fills out the survey online or by mail or phone. Completeness is measured as surveys completed relative to years eligible to complete follow-up. Medical conditions: "Please indicate if you have received a new diagnosis of any of the following medical conditions in the past year (yes, no, don't know)". Counts and percentages are unique participants reporting yes to specific condition in follow-up for participants that did NOT report yes at baseline. Procedures: "Please indicate if you have any of the following medical procedures in the past year." Counts are unique participants reporting the specified procedure one or more times during follow up. Hospitalizations: Participants are asked to report if they have been hospitalized within the last year, for each hospitalization they are asked to list reason(s) for hospitalization, admission date and hospital name. Reasons for hospitalization are captured as free-text responses as written by participants. Responses are coded, when possible, in order to list the most frequently reported reasons for hospitalization. Medications: (see note above for medications reported at baseline). The denominator for data based on last follow-up are participants with at least one follow-up survey complete.

4 Electronic health record (EHR) data from regional healthcare providers. Duke has partnered with regional healthcare providers to integrate data from EHR systems for consented MURDOCK Study participants. Participants are identified in EHR systems with robust matching algorithms using common identifiers from the MURDOCK and EHR databases. Data are transferred under a data use agreement (DUA) with the specific provider organization which specifies the scope of data and frequency of transfers. Data availability vary by participant and depend on whether or not a participant has had one or more encounters with the healthcare provider system during the time period included in the dataset.

Available EHR datasets: Data are summarized by healthcare provider organizations. Counts are unique participants with one or more ICD codes in the EHR dataset. Available EHR domains: Data area summarized by domain in the EHR dataset. Counts are unique participants with one of more records (rows of data) for the specified domain. Insights from available EHR data: Specific EHR data related to the population of research interest is presented with granularity when possible.

5 Additional data collection from studies with MURDOCK participants. MURDOCK Study participants may be recruited to enroll in additional research study opportunities by Duke researchers or other collaborators. Data sharing is a condition of collaboration with with the MURDOCK Study; therefore, data collected from MURDOCK Study participants and/or generated from biospecimens as part of additional research studies is returned for integration with all other MURDOCK registry data

"Storefronts" for nested sub-cohorts summarize surveys, assessments and/or other data collected specifically as part of enrollment and participation in the study. **Samples in inventory**: Samples are summarized if collected (see note above for samples collected at baseline). **Participation in other studies**: Counts are participants from the population of research interest enrolled in the specified study listed. *Brief descriptions of relevant studies are listed along with a summary of study procedures and/or data collected.*



Congestive heart failure

Physical Performance Across the Lifespan (PALS), MURDOCK Study nested sub-cohort, N=994

Participant self-reported characteristics at MURDOCK Study enrollment (baseline, [February 2009 - July 2016])

Demographics at baseline		Education at	baseline			
Age	Baseline	Less than high school graduate		44 (4%)		
Median (25th, 75th)	67 (54, 76)	High school graduate, equivalent			190 (19%)	
Min, Max	25, 90+	Some college or associates degree			324 (33%)	
Sex		Bachelor's degree			253 (26%)	
Female	544 (55%)	Master's or higher professional degree			182 (18%)	
Male	450 (45%)	Income at ba	eeline			
Race		Under \$10,00				28 (3%)
American Indian & Alaska Native	2 (<1%)	\$10,000-29,9				183 (18%)
Asian	6 (<1%)	\$30,000-29,9				192 (19%)
Black or African American	80 (8%)	\$50,000-49,9				156 (16%)
Native Haw aiian & Other Pacific Islander	1 (<1%)	\$70,000-89,9			121 (12%)	
White/Caucasian	864 (87%)	\$90,000 or mo			238 (24%)	
Other	23 (2%)	Don't know, n				
Multiple	8 (<1%)	DOITE KNOW, I	lo response		76 (8%)	
Don't know /Not sure/Not answ ered	10 (<1%)	Body mass i	ndex (BMI) at base	line		
Ethnicity	,	<18.5 (under	w eight)		4 (<1%)	
Hispanic or Latino	42 (4%)	18.5 - 24.9 (n	ormal w eight)			304 (31%)
Non-Hispanic or Latino	941 (95%)	25 - 29.9 (ove	erweight)		420 (43%)	
Don't know /Not sure/Not answ ered	11 (1%)	30+ (obese)				260 (26%)
Sm oking history at baseline		Exercise at l	oaseline			
Smoked	434 (44%)	Little to no ph	ysical activity			284 (29%)
Never smoked	556 (56%)	Weekend light exercise			123 (12%)	
Don't know, no response	4 (<1%)	Moderate activity 3x per w eek			361 (36%)	
Current or prior medical conditions reported at baseline		Heavy activity 3x per w eek Heavy activity 5x per w eek			117 (12%) 104 (10%)	
25 of 34 solicited medical conditions, listed by de High cholesterol	499 (50%)		·	nonte at has o	lino	` ,
High blood pressure	432 (43%)	Medications, vitamins, supplements at basel		IIIIE	7 (4 40)	
Osteoarthritis	265 (27%)	Median (25th, 75th) reported			7 (4, 10)	
		10+ reported, n (%)			286 (29%)	
Obesity	214 (22%)		ted medications			
Skin cancer, not melanoma	214 (22%) 197 (20%)	Lisinopril		162 (16%)		
Depression Diabetes	` '	Omeprazole			151 (15%)	
	148 (15%)	Hydrochloroth	niazide		151 (15%)	
Osteoporosis/Osteopenia	146 (15%)	Levothyroxin	е			145 (15%)
Thyroid disease	143 (14%)	Simvastatin				141 (14%)
Asthma	119 (12%)	Samples cui	rently in inventory	(collected at	baseline	time noint)
Coronary artery disease	94 (9%)	Sample	Container, Size	Participants		
Atrial fibrillation	89 (9%)	Plasma	Cryovial, 0.5 mL			
Rheumatoid arthritis	71 (7%)	Serum	Cryovial, 0.5 mL	819	6,114	0.108
Heart attack or angina	70 (7%)	Serum	Cryovial, 5.0 mL	823	4,468	0.079
Gout	62 (6%)	Whole blood		890	890	0.031
Melanoma	47 (5%)	WHOLE DIOOG	PAXgene RNA	702	1,095	0.064
Breast cancer	46 (5%)	Lirino	Vacutainer, 2.0 mL		229	0.007
Emphysema or "COPD"	45 (5%)	Urine	Cryovial, 10.0 mL	857	857	0.068
Stroke	43 (4%)	Total			13,653	0.357
Other autoimmune disease	41 (4%)					
Other type of cancer	39 (4%)					
Other mental illness	34 (3%)					
Prostate cancer	33 (3%)					
Kidney disease	31 (3%)					
0 1 1 16 11	00 (551)					

22 (2%)



Physical Performance Across the Lifespan (PALS), MURDOCK Study nested sub-cohort, N=994

D 4: 1	·	us anu uata	I II OIII WIOND	OCK Stud	y follow-up's urveys and electronic health reco New medical condition diagnoses reported in		ın	
	nt vital status		_		17 of 34 solicited medical conditions, listed by a			
Alive				10 (81%)	Osteoarthritis	147	/ 729 (20%)	
Deceased			1	84 (19%)	Skin cancer, not melanoma		/ 780 (18%)	
Current A	ge			Current	High blood pressure		/ 562 (24%)	
Median (25	5th, 75th)		75	5 (60, 85)	High cholesterol		/ 495 (23%)	
Min, Max				38, 90+	Osteoporosis/Osteopenia		/ 848 (12%)	
Follow-up	metrics, study participa	ation			Rheumatoid arthritis		/ 923 (10%)	
Median (25	5th, 75th) months since enro	ollment	130 (120, 153)	Atrial fibrillation		5 / 905 (9%)	
Median (25	5th, 75th) years since enroll	ment	1.	1 (10, 13)	Depression		/ 797 (10%)	
Median (25	5th, 75th) yearly follow -ups	complete		9 (5, 10)	Coronary artery disease		71 / 900 (8%)	
Overall cor	mpleteness of follow -up, n	/N(%)	7,316 / 9,0		Thyroid disease	69 / 851 (8%)		
At least on	e (1) follow -up survey con	nplete, n (%)	9:	56 (96%)	Melanoma	67 / 947 (7%)		
100% com	pletion (n, %)			72 (47%)	Obesity	59 / 780 (8%)		
Last compl	eted follow -up≤18 month	IS		49 (55%)	Diabetes		4 / 846 (6%)	
Enrolled in	one or more other studies	3		4 (100%)	Gout		3 / 932 (6%)	
Available l	EHR datasets by source	/any ICD c			Kidney disease		2 / 963 (5%)	
Any source		(ally ICDC	-	94 (50%)	Emphysema or "COPD"		1 / 949 (5%)	
Novant Hea				85 (39%)	Other type of cancer		9 / 955 (5%) 9 / 955 (5%)	
	lealth Alliance			49 (15%)	,,	4	9 / 955 (5 /6)	
	Row an Community Health (Centers		,	Procedures reported in follow up			
	lealth Center	OCHIOI3		7 (1%) 0	CT or MRI scan		679 (68%)	
	Free Clinic			1 (<1%)	Joint x-ray		578 (58%)	
· ·	rolinas Healthcare)			0	Chest x-ray	565		
,	,			U	Heart/cardiac stress test		321 (32%)	
Diagnoses	EHR data domains		10	94 (50%)	Joint replacement	156 (16%		
Labs	_			17 (42%)	Heart/cardiac catheterization	104 (109		
Vitals	,		, ,	Hospitalizations reported in follow up				
Medications	,		90 (39%)	Participants reporting 1 or more hospitalizations		512 (52%)		
Allergies				204 (21%) Unique hospitalizations reported		840		
Immunizatio	ons			08 (21%)	Median (25th, 75th) hospitalizations reported		2 (1, 3)	
Problems Procedures	•			28 (33%) 58 (26%)	Coded reasons for self-reported hospitalization		(, ,	
	Hospitalizations			94 (20%)	listed in descending frequency	Events	Participants	
	rom available EHR data			04 (2070)	Uncoded	573	319	
	e: Sep. 1993 (first encount	ter), Aug. 20)22 (last enco	ounter)	Surgery	109	84	
_	days between first and las		•	,	Knee replacement	71	55	
Median (25	5th, 75th)		1,964 (407,	,	Pneumonia	58	39	
Min, Max				0, 10044	Fracture	52	47	
-	ecodes, mapped from di	T	des	n nnto	Body mass index (BMI) at most recent comp	leted follo	ow up	
Phecode 272.1	Description Hyperlipidemia	Group endocrine	e/metabolic	<i>n, ppt</i> s 130	<18.5 (underw eight)		17 (2%)	
401.1	Essential hypertension	circulator		117	18.5 - 24.9 (normal w eight)		335 (35%)	
	Esophagitis, GERD &		•	48	25 - 29.9 (overweight)	370 (39%)		
530.1	related diseases	Digestive			30+	233 (24%)		
244.4	Hypothyroidism NOS		e/metabolic	43				
250.4	Abnormal glucose		e/metabolic	43	Medications, vitamins, supplements at most			
261.4 Select lab	Vitamin D deficiency poratory tests	endocrine	e/metabolic	41	Median (25th, 75th) reported		6 (3, 9)	
Test	roratory toda		Labs Pa	rticipants	10+ reported, n (%)		224 (23%)	
	nsive metabolic panel		1,645	267	Top 5 reported medications			
CBC and d			1,361	249	Atorvastatin	175 (18%)		
TSH			1,008	213	Levothyroxine	150 (15%)		
Lipid panel		918 207 Omenrazole		Omeprazole	142 (14%)			
	•		1,003 909	202 188			127 (13%)	
Hemoglobir CBC	I A IC		909 857	163	Lisinopril		125 (13%)	
SDC			007	103	Бошорії		120 (13/0)	



PALS Visit 1, N=994				
n=583 n=411				
Visit 1 concurrent with	Visit 1 <u>after</u>			
MURDOCK enrollment	MURDOCK Enrollment			
(May 2012 - July 2016)	(January 2014 - July 2016)			

PALS Visit 1 Battery	
Montreal cognitive assessment (MoCA)	4-meter walk
Physical performance	Single leg stance
Activity (self-report)	Chair stands in 30 seconds
Health (self-report)	6-minute walk test
Nutrition (self-report)	

Specimens in inventory, collected at Visit 1 after enrollment						
Sam ple	Container, Size	Participants	Aliquots	Freezers		
Plasma	Cryovial, 0.5 mL	241	311	0.005		
Serum	Cryovial, 0.5 mL	285	640	0.011		
Total			951	0.017		

PALS Visit 2, N=692

Visit time points two years following Visit 1 Range: 617 to 1,707 day (May 2014 - August 2018)

PALS Visit 2 Battery	
Montreal cognitive assessment (MoCA)	4-meter walk
Physical performance	Single leg stance
Activity (self-report)	Chair stands in 30 seconds
Health (self-report)	6-minute walk test
Nutrition (self-report)	
Veteran status	
Hormone replacement	
Depression, anxiety, post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)	

Specimens in inventory, collected at Visit 2							
Sam ple	Container, Size	Participants	Aliquots	Freezers			
Plasma	Cryovial, 0.5 mL	428	1,290	0.023			
	Cryovial, 1.0 mL	70	70	0.001			
	Cryovial, 2.0 mL	19	19	0.000			
Serum	Cryovial, 0.5 mL	340	763	0.013			
	Cryovial, 1.0 mL	172	172	0.003			
	Cryovial, 2.0 mL	34	34	0.001			
Total			2,348	0.041			