

Managed by **Duke** Clinical & Translational Science Institute

The MURDOCK Study Community Registry and Biorepository is a 12,526-participant community-based longitudinal cohort recruited from a 20-Zip Code region in the Southeastern United States (U.S.) that is centered in the city of Kannapolis, NC and encompasses Cabarrus County, NC.

Creation of the cohort was funded by a gift to Duke University from the David H. Murdock Institute for Business and Culture, with operational support from Duke's Clinical and Translational Science Award (CTSA) grant (UL1TR002553) and the Duke Clinical and Translational Science Institute (CTSI).

Consenting participants complete a baseline health questionnaire at enrollment, as well as a brief physical exam and collection of blood and urine. Consent includes permission to access to information from medical records, storage of collected samples in the biorepository, access to collected data and biospecimens for future approved research studies and contact regarding new research study opportunities.

Data have been organized into "storefronts" that summarize characteristics of a population of research interest as well as available data and samples for that population. The following sections summarize the sources of data in the MURDOCK Study database, as well as important descriptions and definitions to help understand the data presented in the "storefronts".

1 Participant self-reported data at baseline. The baseline questionnaire collects contact information, current residential street address, and primary physician; alternate contact information; date and place of birth; demographics; current or past diagnosis of 34 medical conditions; menopausal status in women; medications, vitamins and supplements; dietary and physical activity assessment; hours of sleep per night; tobacco and alcohol use; second-hand smoke exposure; and selected PROMIS® participant-reported outcomes domains. Socioeconomic data collected at baseline included marital status, highest level of education of participant and participant's mother and father, employment status, mother's and father's occupations, housing (type, how paid for, number of adults and children in the household) and total household income. In addition, a brief phy sical exam (vital signs, height, and waist circumference) was conducted at enrollment.

Medical conditions: "Do you have, or have you ever had, any of the following [medical conditions]?" (yes, no, don't know). Counts are unique participants reporting yes to specific condition. Medications: "Please list any pharmaceutical and/or natural medications (including vitamins) that you are currently taking." Data are captured in free-text format as written by the participant and coded using RxNorm. Summary metrics are based on everything reported. Top 5 reported medications are limited to reported prescriptions.

2 Biorepository samples. Blood was collected at baseline and processed into the following specific samples: whole blood in EDTA for DNA extraction, whole blood in PAXgene for RNA extraction, plasma, serum and buffy coat in cry ovials. Urine was collected and aliquoted in cry ovials. Sample collection was not done sy stematically for MURDOCK enrollees; however, some nested sub cohorts and other studies enrolling MURDOCK registry participants include sample collection at follow up time points. All samples are stored at -80°C in a central biorepository current managed by Fisher BioServices, a division of Thermo Fisher Scientific, under a contractual agreement with Duke University.

Samples in inventory: Data are summarized by sample type as well as specific container and size. Participant counts are unique individuals with one ore more aliquots. Aliquot counts are all unique samples for a given type and container, size. Freezers is a calculation of approximate storage requirements based on sample type/size, box size, and number of boxes that can be stored per freezer.

3 Participant self-reported changes in health via annual follow up. Participants are asked to complete a follow-up form once a year around the time of their original enrollment date. Participants may update contact information, primary care physician/practice and alternate contact. PROMIS domains are repeated at each annual time point in order to capture changes in participant-reported outcomes over time. The form collects new incidence/diagnosis of the same 34 medical conditions surveyed at baseline. Hospitalizations during the past year are collected along with reason, as well as specific medical procedures. Participants may update their medication list to reflect current medications, vitamins and supplements being taken at the time of follow up form completion.

Vital status: Death reported by family member or alternate contact is confirmed by obituary as the primary source. Cause of death is not captured. Follow-up metrics: Follow-up is defined as complete if participant fills out the survey online or by mail or phone. Completeness is measured as surveys completed relative to years eligible to complete follow-up. Medical conditions: "Please indicate if you have received a new diagnosis of any of the following medical conditions in the past year (yes, no, don't know)". Counts and percentages are unique participants reporting yes to specific condition in follow-up for participants that did NOT report yes at baseline. Procedures: "Please indicate if you have any of the following medical procedures in the past year". Counts are unique participants reporting the specified procedure one or more times during follow up. Hospitalizations: Participants are asked to report if they have been hospitalized within the last year, for each hospitalization they are asked to list reason(s) for hospitalization, admission date and hospital name. Reasons for hospitalization are captured as free-text responses as written by participants. Responses are coded, when possible, in order to list the most frequently reported reasons for hospitalization. Medications: (see note above for medications reported at baseline). The denominator for data based on last follow-up are participants with at least one follow-up survey complete.

4 Electronic health record (EHR) data from regional healthcare providers. Duke has partnered with regional healthcare providers to integrate data from EHR systems for consented MURDOCK Study participants. Participants are identified in EHR systems with robust matching algorithms using common identifiers from the MURDOCK and EHR databases. Data are transferred under a data use agreement (DUA) with the specific provider organization which specifies the scope of data and frequency of transfers. Data availability vary by participant and depend on whether or not a participant has had one or more encounters with the healthcare provider system during the time period included in the dataset.

Available EHR datasets: Data are summarized by healthcare provider organizations. Counts are unique participants with one or more ICD codes in the EHR dataset. Available EHR domains: Data area summarized by domain in the EHR dataset. Counts are unique participants with one of more records (rows of data) for the specified domain. Insights from available EHR data: Specific EHR data related to the population of research interest is presented with granularity when possible.

5 Additional data collection from studies with MURDOCK participants. MURDOCK Study participants may be recruited to enroll in additional research study opportunities by Duke researchers or other collaborators. Data sharing is a condition of collaboration with with the MURDOCK Study; therefore, data collected from MURDOCK Study participants and/or generated from biospecimens as part of additional research studies is returned for integration with all other MURDOCK registry data.

"Storefronts" for nested sub-cohorts summarize surveys, assessments and/or other data collected specifically as part of enrollment and participation in the study. **Samples in inventory**: Samples are summarized if collected (see note above for samples collected at baseline). **Participation in other studies**: Counts are participants from the population of research interest enrolled in the specified study listed. *Brief descriptions of relevant studies are listed along with a summary of study procedures and/or data collected.* 



Kidney disease

Implantable cardiac defibrillator

# Memory & Cognitive Health Study (MHS), MURDOCK Study nested sub-cohort, N=1,595

## Participant self-reported characteristics at MURDOCK Study enrollment (baseline, [February 2009 - June 2016])

Demographics at baseline		Education at	baseline				
Age	Baseline	Less than hig	h school graduate			60 (4%)	
Median (25th, 75th)	65 (60, 71)	High school graduate, equivalent			345 (22%)		
Min, Max	49, 90+	Some college or associates degree			631 (40%)		
Sex			Bachelor's degree			317 (20%)	
Female	1,048 (66%)	Master's or higher professional degree			242 (15%)		
Male	Income at baseline						
Race	Under \$10,000 48 (3%						
American Indian & Alaska Native	erican Indian & Alaska Native 2 (<1%)		\$10,000-29,999			289 (18%)	
Asian				\$30,000-49,999			
Black or African American	115 (7%)	\$50,000-69,999			347 (22%) 300 (19%)		
ative Haw aiian & Other Pacific Islander 2 (<1%		\$70,000-89,999			195 (12%)		
White/Caucasian	1,444 (91%)				294 (18%)		
Other	2 (<1%)	\$90,000 or more					
Multiple	20 (1%)	Don't know, no response			122 (8%)		
Don't know /Not sure/Not answ ered	9 (<1%)	Body mass index (BMI) at baseline					
Ethnicity		<18.5				11 (1%)	
Hispanic or Latino	12 (<1%)	18.5-24.9			406 (26%)		
Non-Hispanic or Latino	1,561 (98%)	25-29.9				612 (38%)	
Don't know /Not sure/Not answ ered	22 (1%)	30+			561 (35%)		
Sm oking history at baseline		Exercise at l	oaseline				
Smoked	Little to no physical activity			588 (37%)			
Never smoked	772 (48%) 813 (51%)	Weekend light exercise			219 (14%)		
Don't know, no response	10 (1%)	Moderate activity 3x per w eek			548 (34%)		
Current or prior medical conditions repo	rted at has eline	Heavy activity	/ 3x per w eek			127 (8%)	
25 of 34 solicited medical conditions, listed		Heavy activity	/ 5x per w eek			103 (6%)	
High cholesterol	897 (56%)	Medications	, vitamins, supplen	nents at base	eline		
High blood pressure	819 (51%)	Median (25th, 75th) reported			8 (5, 12)		
Osteoarthritis	498 (31%)	10+ reported, n (%)				633 (40%)	
Obesity	466 (29%)	Top 5 reported medications				, ,	
Depression	367 (23%)	Simvastatin			299 (19%)		
Skin cancer, not melanoma	329 (21%)	Lisinopril			291 (18%)		
Osteoporosis/Osteopenia	321 (20%)	Levothyroxine			281 (18%)		
Diabetes	297 (19%)	Cholecalciferol			273 (17%)		
Thyroid disease	291 (18%)					273 (17%)	
Asthma	192 (12%)	Omeprazole	41 1 1 1	<b>,</b> , , , , ,			
Coronary artery disease	184 (12%)	Samples currently in inventory (collected at baseline time poir Sample Container, Size Participants Aliquots Freezers					
Heart attack or angina	162 (10%)	Sam ple	Container, Size				
Atrial fibrillation	150 (9%)	Plasma	Cryovial, 0.5 mL	1,353	9,105	0.161	
Gout	118 (7%)	Serum	Cryovial, 0.5 mL	1,340	5,455	0.096	
Rheumatoid arthritis	116 (7%)	\^/b ala blaad	Cryovial, 5.0 mL	1,434	1,434	0.051	
Other autoimmune disease	100 (6%)	Whole blood	PAXgene RNA	1,174	1,745	0.102	
Emphysema or "COPD"	86 (5%)	Lirino	Vacutainer, 2.0 mL		40	0.001	
Breast cancer	73 (5%)	Urine	Cryovial, 10.0 mL	1,364	1,364	0.108	
Melanoma	71 (4%)	DNA Total	Cryovial, 1.0 mL	994	996	0.015	
Stroke	71 (4%)	Total			22,139	0.534	
Other type of cancer	67 (4%)						
Congestive heart failure	57 (4%)						
Prostate cancer	54 (3%)						
	AE (20/ )						

45 (3%)

42 (3%)

245 (15%)

236 (15%)



Hemoglobin A1c

TSH

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	Memory &	Cognitive	Health Stu	udy (MHS), N	// URDOCK Study nested sub-cohort, N=1,595				
	Participant statu	s and data	a from MUF	RDOCK Stud	y follow-up surveys and electronic health reco	ds			
Participa	ant vital status				New medical condition diagnoses reported in				
Alive			1	,292 (81%)	16 of 34 solicited medical conditions, listed by de		escending frequency		
Decease	ed			303 (19%)	Osteoarthritis	317 / 1,097 (29%			
Age				Current	Osteoporosis/Osteopenia	256 / 1,274 (20%			
_	25 <sup>th</sup> , 75 <sup>th</sup> )			76 (71, 82)	Skin cancer, not melanoma	248 / 1,266 (20%			
Min, Max				63, 90+	High blood pressure	243 / 776 (31%			
IVIIII, IVIAN				03,30	night cholesterol 210		698 (31%)		
Follow-	upmetrics, study participa	ition			Rheumatoid arthritis		1,479 (13%)		
,	25th, 75th) months since enro		147	7 (138, 165)	Atrial fibrillation	157 / 1,445 (11%			
	25th, 75th) years since enroll			12 (11, 14)	Thyroid disease	136 / 1,304 (109			
	25th, 75th) yearly follow -ups			10 (6, 12)	Diabetes	133 / 1,298 (10%			
Overall c	completeness of follow -up, n	/N(%)	13,211/15	,986 (83%)	Obesity		9 / 1,129 (11%)		
	one (1) follow -up survey com	nplete, n (%)	1	,547 (97%)	Coronary artery disease		/ 1,411 (9%)		
100% co	mpletion (n, %)			754 (47%)	Depression	122 / 1,228 (10%			
Last com	pleted follow -up≤18 month	s		886 (56%)	Emphysema or "COPD"	121 / 1,509 (8%			
Enrolled	in one or more other studies		1,	595 (100%)	Kidney disease		/ 1,550 (6%)		
∆vailahl	e EHR datasets by source	(any ICD c	ode)		Congestive heart failure		/ 1,538 (6%)		
Any sou	-	(arry 10DC	ouc,	743 (47%)	Asthma	94 /	/ 1,403 (7%)		
Novant H				, ,	Participants reporting procedures in follow to	лb			
	s Health Alliance			561 (35%)	CT or MRI scan		1,248 (78%)		
		Contoro		247 (15%)	Joint x-ray	1,080 (68%			
	•	ow an Community Health Centers		21 (1%)	Chest x-ray	1,063 (67%			
	a Health Center			0 ( 40()	Heart/cardiac stress test		694 (44%)		
	ity Free Clinic			2 (<1%)	Joint replacement	344 (22			
Atrium (C	Carolinas Healthcare)			0	Heart/cardiac catheterization		258 (16%)		
Availabl	Available EHR data domains			Heart/cardiac angioplasty or stent	147 (9%)				
Diagnosi	-			743 (47%)	Coronary artery bypass surgery	69 (4%)			
Labs				593 (37%)	Hospitalizations reported in follow up				
Vitals Medicatio	nne			562 (35%) 576 (36%)	Participants reporting 1 or more hospitalizations		923 (58%)		
Allergies	JIIS		344 (22%)		Unique hospitalizations reported		1,654		
Immunizations		286 (18%)		Median (25th, 75th) hospitalizations reported		2 (1, 3)			
Problems		472 (30%)		Coded reasons for self-reported hospitalization		( , - ,			
Procedur				361 (23%)	listed in descending frequency	Events	Participants		
Hospitaliz	zations			274 (17%)	Uncoded	1,099	574		
Insights	from available EHR data				Surgery	235	181		
	Date range: Jul. 1993 (first encounter), Aug. 2022 (last encount		counter)	Knee replacement	187	135			
	of days betw een first and las	t encounte	r: 1,970 (202, 3203.5)		Hip replacement	98	74		
Min, Max	25 <sup>th</sup> , 75 <sup>th</sup> )		1,970 (2	0, 10184	Fracture	85	72		
	hecodes, mapped from di	aanosi s co	des	0, 10101	Body mass index (BMI) at most recent comp	letedfoll	ow up		
Phecode		Group		n, ppts	<18.5	33 (2%)			
272.1	Hyperlipidemia		e/metabolic	211	18.5-24.9	457 (30%)			
401.1	Essential hypertension		y system	202	25-29.9	585 (38%)			
250.2	Type 2 diabetes		e/metabolic		30+	472 (31%)			
244.4	Hypothyroidism NOS  Esophagitis GERD and		e/metabolic			`			
530.1	Esophagitis, GERD and related diseases	Digestive		73	Medications, vitamins, supplements at most recent fo		-		
261.4	Vitamin D deficiency	endocrine	e/metabolic	69	Median (25th, 75th) reported	8 (5, 1			
Select la	aboratory tests				10+ reported, n (%)		538 (34%)		
Test				Participants					
Comprehensive metabolic panel 2,451			354	Atorvastatin		336 (21%)			
	CBC and differential Basic metabolic panel		2,101 1,513	330 289	Levothyroxine	328 (21%)			
Lipid par	· ·		1,513	289	Omeprazole		277 (17%)		
TSH	•		1,490 200		Δ mlodinine	245 (15%			

Amlodipine

Lisinopril

279

256

1,477

1,509



### Memory & Cognitive Health Study (MHS), cohort-specific visits, assessments, samples

### MHS Visit 1, N=1,596

(November 2011 - July 2016)

#### MHS Visit 1 Assessments

Handedness questionnaire

Memory testing history

Montreal cognitive assessment (MoCA), version 7.1

ADCS - Cognitive function screen

Word list memory task, recall, recognition

Reitan trail making test - Part B

### MHS Visit 2, N=880

Visit time points two years following Visit 1 (September 2014 - June 2016)

### MHS Visit 2 Assessments

Handedness questionnaire

Memory testing history

Montreal cognitive assessment (MoCA), version 7.1

ADCS - Cognitive function screen

Word list memory task, recall, recognition

Reitan trail making test - Part B

Specimens in inventory, collected at Visit 2							
Sam ple	Container, Size	<b>Participants</b>	Aliquots	Freezers			
Plasma	Cryovial, 0.5 mL	699	1,491	0.026			
Serum	Cryovial, 0.5 mL	501	959	0.017			
Whole blood	Vacutainer, 3.0 mL	1	1	0.000			
	Vacutainer, 6.0 mL	1	1	0.000			
Total			2,452	0.043			